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USPT	erwinia	1892	<u>L2</u>
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T1 DspA, an essential pathogenicity factor of *Erwinia amylovora* showing homology with AvrE of *Pseudomonas syringae*, is secreted via the Hrp secretion pathway in a DspB-dependent way
PY 1997

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AN 128:112730 CA

T1 DspA, an essential pathogenicity factor of *Erwinia amylovora* showing homology with AvrE of *Pseudomonas syringae*, is secreted via the Hrp secretion pathway in a DspB-dependent way

AU Gaudriault, S.; Malandrin, L.; Paulin, J.-P.; Barny, M.-A.

CS Laboratoire de pathologie végétale INA-PG/INRA, Paris, 75231, Fr.

SO Mol. Microbiol. (1997), 26(5), 1057-1069

CODEN: MOMIEE; ISSN: 0950-382X

PB Blackwell Science Ltd. DT Journal LA English

AB In *Erwinia amylovora*, the dsp region, required for pathogenicity on the host plant but not for hypersensitive elicitation on tobacco, is sepd. from the hrp region by 4 kb. The genetic anal. reported in this paper showed that this 4 kb region is not required for pathogenicity on pear seedlings. The environmental conditions allowing expression of a dsp::lacZ fusion were examd.: expression was barely detected in rich medium at 30 degree.C, and the highest expression was obsd. in M9 galactose minimal medium at 25 degree.C. A dsp::uidA fusion appeared to be expressed only in a HrpL-proficient strain, indicating that the dsp region, like the hrp region, is pos. controlled via the alternative sigma factor HrpL. Sequence anal. revealed that the dsp cluster encodes two genes, dspA (5517 bp) and dspB (420 bp), and that the insertions leading to the dsp::lacZ and the dsp::uidA fusions were within dspA. A HrpL-dependent promoter sequence (GGAACC-N15-CAACA) was identified upstream of dspA, and primer extension anal. detected four transcriptional starts 7, 8, 9 and 10 bp downstream of this sequence. A .sigma.70 promoter sequence (TTGCCC-N16-GATAAT) was obsd. upstream of dspB. The functionality of this second promoter was confirmed by complementation anal. This promoter allowed constitutive expression of dspB, as measured by the expression of a dspB::uidA fusion in rich medium. In M9 galactose medium, however, HrpL was shown to activate dspB, as expression of the dspB::uidA fusion was twofold higher in a HrpL+ background than in a HrpL- background. Transposon insertions in either dspA or dspB led to a non-pathogenic phenotype. Thus, both DspA and DspB were required for *E. amylovora* pathogenicity, as dspB could be expressed independently of dspA. DspA and DspB were visualized as polypeptides with apparent sizes of 190 kDa and 15.5 kDa, resp., when encoded in the T7 polymerase/promoter system. DspA, which showed homol. with the protein predicted from the partial sequence of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. tomato avrE transcriptional unit III, was shown to be secreted into the external medium via the Hrp secretion pathway. DspB was predicted to be acidic, like the Syc chaperone of *Yersinia*. A chaperone role for DspB was suggested further by the fact that DspA secretion required a functional DspB protein.

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T1 Methods of imparting stress resistance to plants with hypersensitive response elicitor proteins derived from fungal and bacterial pathogens
PY 1997

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CA COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

T1 Sequences encoding fragments of microbial hypersensitive response elicitor proteins which are active but do not elicit a hypersensitive response, and their applications in plant genetic engineering
PY 2000 2000 2000

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CA COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

T1 Hypersensitive response elicitor from *Erwinia amylovora* and its use for plant genetic engineering
PY 1999 2001 1999 2001 2000 2000 2000

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CA COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

T1 Homology and functional similarity of an hrp-linked pathogenicity locus, dspEF, of *Erwinia amylovora* and the avirulence locus avrE of *Pseudomonas syringae* pathovar tomato
PY 1998

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CA COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

T1 DspA, an essential pathogenicity factor of *Erwinia amylovora* showing homology with AvrE of *Pseudomonas syringae*, is secreted via the Hrp secretion pathway in a DspB-dependent way
PY 1997